

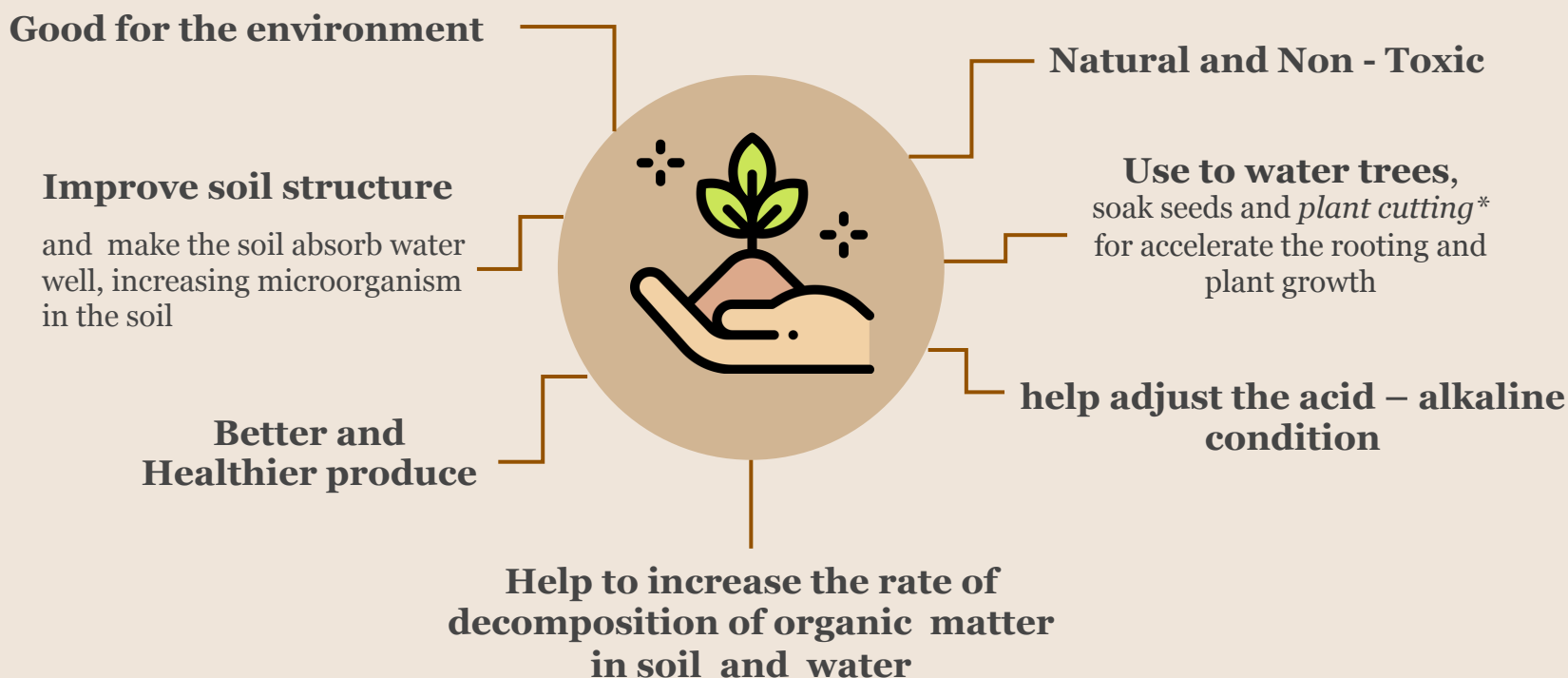
# BIO FERMENTED WATER



FFT VOLUNTEER BENIN 2019



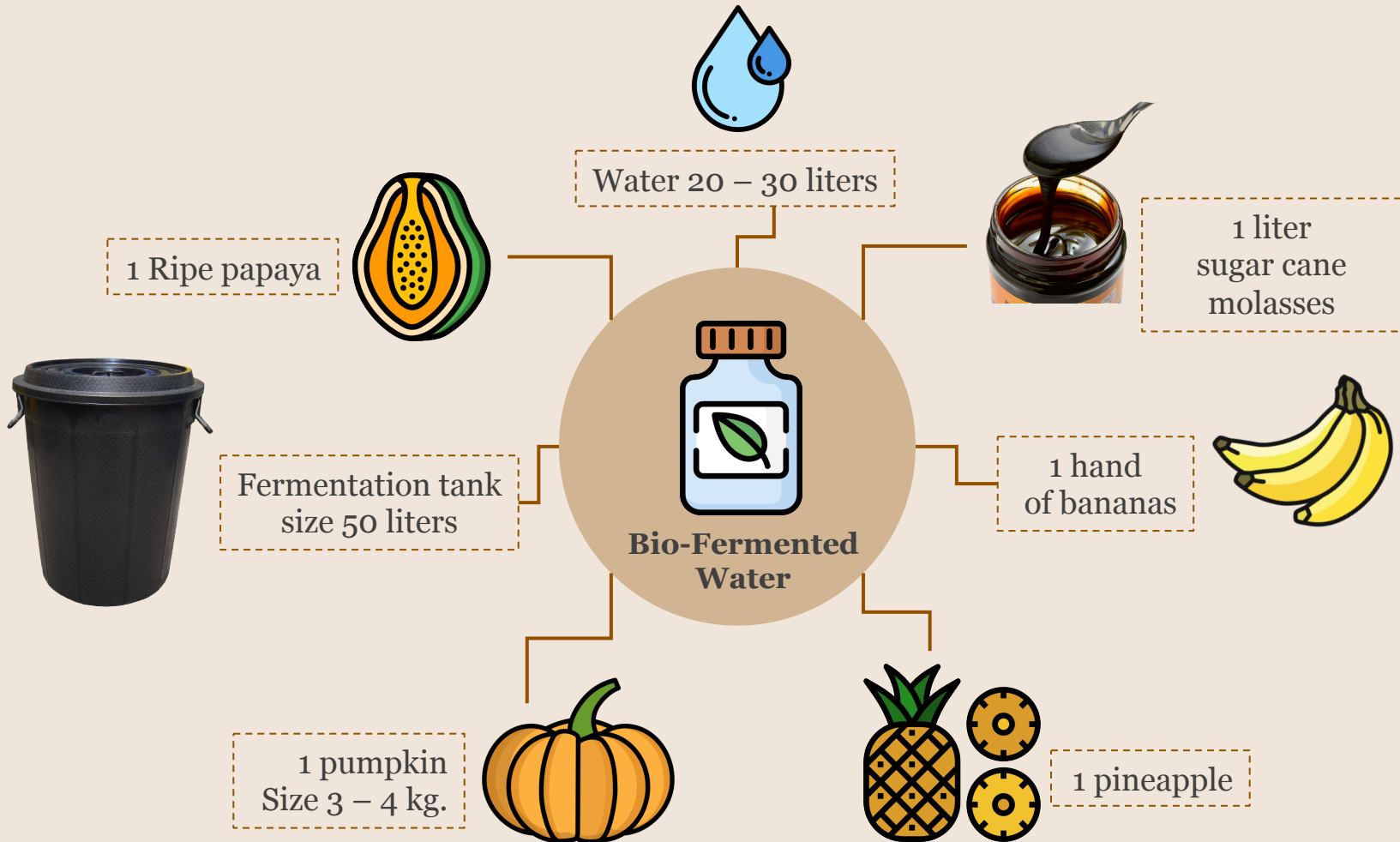
# Benefits of Bio – Fermented Water



## Agriculture vocabulary

**\*plant cutting (n.)** A plant cutting is a piece of a plant that is used in horticulture for vegetative propagation.

# Materials



# How to make Bio-Fermented Water



**1.Chop vegetable and fruits into a fermentation tank**



**2.Add pure sugar cane molasses 1 liter**



# How to make Bio-Fermented Water



**3. Add water 20 – 30 liters**



**4. Stir all ingredients together**

# How to make Bio-Fermented Water



## 5. Fermented for 2 weeks

Should open the lid and stir the ingredients for 1 – 2 times a week

\*The fermentation tank should have a lid to prevent the flies lay eggs causing worms



## 6. The Bio – Fermented Water after 2 weeks



# How to make Bio-Fermented Water



**7. After 2 weeks filter out the vegetable and fruits scraps with a sieve**



**8. Filter Bio – Fermented Water into plastic bottles or gallon**

Close the lid tightly and can be used immediately

\*If the bottle or gallon has gas, Regularly release the gas 1 – 2 times a month

# Bio – Fermented Water usage



## Soil preparation period

**Dilution rate** 12 liters of Bio – fermented water : 45 liters of water per acre.  
Spraying or pour on the ground before plowing

## Soaking casavas' cutting

**Dilution rate** 1 liter of Bio – fermented water : 100 liters of water  
Soak the casavas' cutting for 20 – 30 minute before planting

## Plant growing period

**Dilution rate** 3 liters of Bio – fermented water : 45 liters of water  
Spray the plants flowering and fruiting phase

## Protect plants disease and pets in farm

**Dilution rate** 12 liters of Bio – fermented water : 100 liters of water per acre.  
Spray in animal housing every 1 – 3 months

## Livestock

**Dilution rate** 1 liter of Bio – fermented water : 40 liters of water per 100 m<sup>2</sup>  
Spray in garden/orchard 1 time a week